

GAIN: Get, obtain, come to have.

Nídiilyá, shóozt'e'.

GAINFUL: Bring in money or advantage; profitable.

Béeso nishóhoot'eeh.

GAMBLE: To play, or game, for money or other stake; hence to stake money or other thing of value on an uncertain event. It involves, not only chance, but a hope of gaining something beyond the amount played.

Adika'.

GARNISH: To issue process of garnishment against a person.

See Garnishment.

GARNISHMENT: A legal proceeding taken by a creditor after a judgment is received against a debtor to take hold of the debtor's wages.

ʔahayííł'áhígíí aadahwiinít'íí góne' naaltsoos niiníłtsooz shich'iji nihoot'ʔago éí binahjí' shá niná'doolyééł nizingo.

GARNISHMENT PROCEEDING: An action in court initiated by a creditor to satisfy the judgment against a debtor.

ʔahyííł'áhígíí aadahwiinít'íí góne' naaltsoos niiníłtsooz shich'iji nihodoot'áalgo éí binahjí' shá niná'doolyééł nizingo.

GAS: Chidí bitoo'.

GENERAL: A whole group as opposed to an individual in it or only a part of it; applying to all as opposed to some or to one.

T'áá altsogóó; t'áá ájíłtso; t'áá ájíłt'é.

GENERAL APPEARANCE: A coming into court as a part to a suit whether as plaintiff or defendant.

Naaltsoos niiltsoozígíí idéét'i' biniiyé aadahwiinít'íí góne' yah i'doodałígíí.

GENERAL DAMAGES: See Damages:

GENERAL DENIAL: One which puts in issue all the materials averments of the complaint or petition, and permits the defendant to prove any and all facts tending to negative those averments or any of them.

Diné naaltsoos bee niiltsoozgo bik'iji' daadzohígíí t'áá át'é doo ákódaat'éé da ha'niigo.

GENERAL DEMURRER: A demurrer framed in general terms, without showing specifically the nature of the objection, and which is usually resolved to where the objection is the matter of substance, e.g. the complaint sets forth no cause of action in a general demurrer. Demurrer means "a legal pleading that says, in effect, even if, for the sake of argument, the facts presented by the other side are correct, those facts do not give the other side a legal argument that can possibly stand up in court.

Diné naaltsoos bee niiltsoozígíí bik'ijí' daasdzohígíí t'áá át'é doo ákódaat'éé da ha'níigo.

GENERAL JURISDICTION: The power of a court to hear and decide any type of case that comes up within its geographical area.

Baa nidahódoot'íílii haashíí neelǫǫ' al'aq ádaat'éego aadahwiinít'íí góne' naaltsoos bee nehe'níligíí aadahwiinít'íí bóhólníih t'óó ahayóí bąh silá.

GENERAL POWER OF ATTORNEY: Authorizing another to act as one's agent or attorney.

Náánála' há siziigo t'áadoo le'é há yee lá ni'iileehígíí.

GERMANE: Closely connected; to the point; pertinent.

Bidéét'i'; ahidéét'i'.

GIVE: To transfer possession without receiving reciprocal consideration.

Hach'í' kólnééh; haadeet'aah; hálák'eelyé.

TO GIVE EVIDENCE: Bee iyeet'íní ach'í' kólnééh.

TO GIVE UP: Nahjí' nidizhní'á, nahjí' kójiilaa; bik'izhdeeyá.

GOOD: Valid, legally sufficient, superior, satisfactory, desirable.

Nizhóní; yá'át'ééh; bik'e'ahwiih; likan.

GOOD CAUSE: Legally sufficient, not arbitrary.

T'áá biniyéi hóló; biniinaanii hóló.

GOSSIP: Idle talk, not always true, about other people and their affairs; repeat what one knows or hears about other people and their affairs.

Aseezí.

GOVERNMENT: Act of process of ruling and directing, controlling the actions and affairs of a people, state, etc.

Áhoot'áál; ánahat'á; Wááshindoon.

GOVERNMENT ATTORNEY: Wááshindoon be'agha'diit'aahii.

GOVERNMENT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE: Wááshindoon be'agha'diit'aahii bil haz'ánigi.

GRAND JURY: Persons who receive complaints and accusations of crime, hear preliminary evidence on the complaining side and make formal accusation or indictments. The grand jurors are drawn from the public, usually from voter lists, and sits for a given term, in federal court usually 18 months. In federal court the grand jury consists of 23 persons. (See also petit jury.)

Diné la' awáalya bil naazt'i'jí bee bik'e'hát'áahgo baa hwiidínóot'íílgc
daats'í t'áá bohónéedzǎ hwiinidzingo hastóí dóó sánii la' yiniiyé
ahíikahgo yaa yádaaltih.

GRAND LARCENY: A theft of money or property worth above a certain amount which is set by law. (See also larceny.)

Haashíí níltsogo beehaz'áanii bee nihodeenii' éí bíighahgo, doodaii'
biláahgo béeso bǎh ílǎigo aneest'íí; awáaly hótsoojí bǎh ílǎigo
aneest'íí'.

GRIEF: Great sadness caused by trouble or loss, heavy sorrow.

Yíní; yiniíł na'adá.

GRIEVANCE: A real or imagined wrong, reason for being angry or annoyed; cause for complaint.

T'áadoo le'é i'diil'á (being bothered by something); t'áá biniiyéii
hólóqgo bik'ee doo ákójít'ée da (reason for being annoyed).

GRIEVE: Feel grief, to be very sad, make very sad.

Yini yii'a'; yiniíł na'adá.

GRIEVIUS: 1. Hard to bear, causing great pain or suffering, severe;
2. very evil or offensive, outrageous.

T'áá íiyisíí yéego ách'í' nahwii'ná; t'áá íiyisíí yéego atího'diilyaa
(being injured badly); t'áá íiyisíí t'óó baa'ihigi ájíít'ííd (what
was done was very dirty and filthy).

GRIEVOUS BODILY HARM: To do great harm to injury upon another; to cause a severe pain or loss to another.

T'áá iiyisií baa yíniníg; át'éego diné bits'iís atídzaa.

GROSS: 1. Great or large; 2. flagrant or shameful; 3. whole or total.

Nitsaago; t'áá át'é; doodahági át'éego.

GROSS NEGLIGENCE: The intentional failure to perform a manifest duty in reckless disregard of the consequences as affecting the life or property of another, such a gross want of care and regard for the others as to justify the presumption of willfulness and wantonness.

T'áá iiyisií doo baa hódzǎǎgóó; nádí'ídi doo baa hódzǎǎgóó áhóót'íid (because of gross negligence, terrible thing happened).

FOUNDATIONS: Basis, foundation, or points relied on.

Bee iyeet'íní atí'áhí biniinaanii (underlying evidence); binahjí' áhá'ninígíí (basic points of view).

SUFFICIENT FOUNDATIONS: Adequate, basis, reasonable basis, valid points relied on.

T'áá iiyisií biniiyéii bá hólónígíí.

GUARANTEE: To give assurance, secure, safeguard.

Bee há áhóót'i'ígíí bee há bik'i adéest'íí' dóó baa áháýǎ (right which offers security).

GUARANTEED: Secured, assured.

Bee há áhóót'i'ígíí binahjí' haa' ákohwiinidzingo bee haa' áháýǎ.

GUARD: Keep safe, watch over carefully, defend, protect.

Baa áháýǎ; bik'i adéest'íí'.

GUESS: Form an opinion of without really knowing, think, believe, suppose.

Shǎ'shin; t'óó shǎ'shin; daats'ígo baa ntsáhákees.

GUILTY: Responsible for a crime, convicted of a crime.

Bee hak'ihodiit'ánée t'áá aaniigo bééhoozingo bee ak'ijí' nihoot'ǎ.

GUILTY VERDICT: An announcement of the jury that the defendant is guilty of the crime as charged.

Bik'éhát'áahii t'áá aaníí ájíít'iidgo bee ak'iji' nihoot'á.

GUN: Bee'eldqoh.

GUNSHOT: Adeedqoh.

GENERAL ASSISTANCE: Government programs to which citizens lacking certain necessities are entitled to receive money from the government.

Bee áká' aná'álwo'.